IN THE CLAIMS:

- 1. (Previously Presented) A system comprising:
- a transceiver constructed to transmit an interrogating beam;
- a communications station capable of receiving said interrogating beam; and

said communications station having a plurality of broad area intra-cavity phase conjugators arranged in an array.

- 2. (Original) The system of claim 1, further comprising:
 said communication station capable of transmitting an encoded phase
 conjugate beam to said transceiver from said plurality of phase conjugators.
- 3. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein said communication station is configured to respond to said interrogating beam by encoding data into a phase conjugate beam in a plurality of semiconductor laser diodes and pumping the encoded phase conjugate beam by intracavity nondegenerate four wave mixing.
- 4. (Original) The system of claim 3, wherein said encoding of said phase conjugate beam is accomplished at rates exceeding approximately 1 kiloHertz.
- 5. (Original) The system of claim 3, wherein said encoding of said phase conjugated beam is accomplished at rates in the range of approximately 1GHz to approximately 10 GHz.

- 6. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein said plurality of phase conjugators are arranged in a substantially linear array.
- 7. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein said plurality of phase conjugators are substantially spaced apart.
- 8. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein said plurality of phase conjugators are single gain stripe devices.
- 9. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein said plurality of phase conjugators number at least four.
- 10. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the plurality of intra-cavity phase conjugators each comprise an aperture sufficient to resolve a substantial portion of the spatial components of the input wavefront of the interrogating beam.
- 11. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the plurality of intra-cavity phase conjugators each comprise an aperture sufficient to resolve greater than approximately 80% of the spatial components of the input wavefront of the interrogating beam.
- 12. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the communication station does not have a movable part pointing and tracking system.
- 13. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the plurality of phase conjugators each have a top electrode with an aperture.
- 14. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the interrogating beam interacts with pump beams operating in the plurality of phase conjugators at a substantially transverse angle.

- 15. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the interrogating beam interacts with pump beams operating in the plurality of phase conjugators in a substantially parallel manner.
- 16. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the transceiver is mounted on one of the group consisting of a UAV, airplane, HALE, satellite, ground station, and an automobile.
- 17. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the communication station is mounted on one of the group consisting of a UAV, airplane, HALE, satellite, ground station, and an automobile.
 - 18. (Previously Presented) A system comprising:
- a transceiver constructed to transmit an interrogating beam; and a communication station capable of receiving said interrogating beam; and

said communication station having a broad area, intra-cavity phase conjugator with a top electrode, wherein an aperture is located in said top electrode.

- 19. (Original) The system of claim 18, wherein the interrogating beam interacts with at least one pump beam operating in the phase conjugator at a substantially transverse angle.
- 20. (Original) The system of claim 18, wherein the phase conjugator is a broad–area, distributed feedback laser device.
- 21. (Original) The system of claim 18, wherein the aperture is greater than 10 microns.

22. (Previously Presented) A system comprising:

a transceiver constructed to transmit an interrogating beam;

a communication station capable of receiving said interrogating beam;

and

said communication station having a broad area, intra-cavity phase conjugator which is a VCSEL structure.

- 23. (Original) The system of claim 22, wherein the interrogating beam interacts with at least one pump beam operating in the phase conjugator in a substantially parallel manner.
- 24. (Currently Amended) An optical interconnection system comprising:

 a fiber optic device constructed to transmit an interrogating beam; and
 a micro-mirror adapted to receive said interrogating beam and transmit
 the beam to a predetermined broad area intra-cavity <u>VCSEL</u> phase conjugator.
 - 25. (Canceled)
- 26. (Original) The system of claim 24, wherein said interrogating beam interacts with at least one pump beams operating in the phase conjugator in a substantially parallel manner.
 - 27. (Canceled)
- 28. (Currently Amended) An optical interconnection system comprising:

 a fiber optic device constructed to transmit an interrogating beam; and

 a micro-mirror adapted to receive said interrogating beam and transmit

 the beam to a predetermined broad area intra-cavity distributed feedback laser

phase conjugator. The system of claim 24, wherein the phase conjugator is a broadarea, distributed feedback laser device.

- 29. (Currently Amended) The system of <u>claim 28</u> claim 24, wherein the interrogating beam interacts with at least one pump beam operating in the phase conjugator at a transverse angle.
- 30. (Currently Amended) The system of <u>claim 28</u> <u>claim 24</u>, wherein said predetermined phase conjugator is one of a plurality of phase conjugators arranged in an array.
- 31. (Currently Amended) The system of <u>claim 28</u> claim 24, wherein said predetermined phase conjugator is one of a plurality of phase conjugators arranged in a first array of a plurality of arrays of phase conjugators.
- 32. (Currently Amended) The system of <u>claim 28</u> claim 30, wherein the plurality of phase conjugators are single gain stripe devices.
- 33. (Currently Amended) The system of <u>claim 28</u> claim 30, wherein the plurality of phase conjugators have apertures located in a top electrode.
 - 34. (Previously Presented) A system comprising:
 - a means for transmitting and receiving an interrogating beam;
- a communication station operatively coupled to said transmitting and receiving means, wherein the station includes a broad area intracavity phase conjugator for returning a phase conjugate beam to said transmitting and receiving means.
 - 35. (Previously Presented) A method comprising:

transmitting an interrogating beam from a transceiver;

receiving said interrogating beam at a communication station;

producing a phase conjugate beam of said interrogating beam by a broad area intracavity phase conjugator;

encoding data onto said phase conjugate beam and pumping an encoded phase conjugate reflectivity by nondegenerate four wave mixing; and transmitting said encoded phase conjugate beam back to the transceiver.

36. (Previously Presented) A method comprising:

transmitting an interrogating beam from a transceiver;

receiving said interrogating beam at an array of phase conjugators;

producing a phase conjugate beam of said interrogating beam, wherein each of said phase conjugators arranged in said array comprise a broad area intracavity micro phase conjugator;

modulating data onto said phase conjugate beam; and transmitting said phase conjugate beam to said transceiver.

- 37. (Original) The method of claim 36, further comprising:

 collecting data through a sensor located in proximity to said phase conjugators and transmitting said data to said phase conjugators.
- 38. (Original) The method of claim 36, wherein said interrogating beam interacts with at least one pump beam operating in each of said phase conjugators in a substantially parallel manner.

39. (Original) The method of claim 36, wherein said interrogating beam interacts with at least one pump beam operating in each of said phase conjugators in a substantially transverse manner.

40. (Previously Presented) A method comprising:

transmitting an interrogating beam from a transceiver;

receiving said interrogating beam at an array of broad area intra-cavity phase conjugators through apertures located in the top electrodes of the phase conjugators;

modulating data onto a phase conjugate beam; and transmitting the phase conjugate beam to said transceiver.

41. (Previously Presented) A method comprising:

transmitting an interrogating beam from a transceiver;

receiving said interrogating beam at an array of broad area intra-cavity phase conjugators and resolving a substantial portion of the spatial components of the input wavefront of the interrogating beam;

modulating data onto a phase conjugate beam; and transmitting the phase conjugate beam to said transceiver.

- 42. (Canceled)
- 43. (Canceled)
- 44. (Canceled)
- 45. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein said plurality of intra-cavity phase conjugators are arranged in a two dimensional array.

46. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein said plurality of intra-cavity phase conjugators includes:

a non-linear medium for each of said plurality of intra-cavity phase conjugators wherein said non-linear medium is adapted to produce at least two coherent pump beams; and

a means to encode said coherent pump beams.

- 47. (Original) The system of claim 46, wherein said nonlinear medium is a diode structure comprising a broad-area distributed feedback laser device.
- 48. (Original) The system of claim 18, wherein said intra-cavity phase conjugator with said top electrode includes:

a nonlinear medium adapted to produce at least two coherent pump beams; and

a means to encode said coherent pump beams.

49. (Original) The system of claim 48, wherein said nonlinear medium is a diode structure comprising a modified broad-area distributed feedback laser device.